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# BULLETIN CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

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**SUBJECT:** Salad Bars in the National School Lunch Program

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This supersedes the October 8, 2010, version of the policy memo, "Salad Bars in the National School Lunch Program". This revision includes questions and answers that have been received on this policy. This memorandum continues to provide information on how salad bars can effectively be used in the service of reimbursable meals. This memo includes information on portion size, point of service, nutrient analysis, and food safety for school meals.

Note that under the proposed regulations, it will be important to consider the location of the salad bar at each school. In order to count the items offered on the salad bar towards the reimbursable meal, the salad bar must be positioned <u>before</u> the Point of Service (POS).

# **Background**

USDA encourages the use of salad bars in the school meal programs. The 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans and the Institute of Medicine's (IOM) report, "The School Meals Building Blocks for Healthy Children" encourages the consumption of vegetables and fruits. The IOM report cites a 2007 study that determined that "salad bar programs in public schools indicate positive effects on fruit and vegetable consumption".

Additional data from the School Nutrition Dietary Assessment Study (SNDA) -II and SNDA-III describes the benefits of utilizing salad bars in the National School Lunch Program; schools with salad bars offer a wider variety of vegetables and fruits than other schools. Salad bars have the potential to improve nutrition and encourage the consumption of fruits, vegetables and legumes. In addition to the nutritional benefits, salad bars may lower plate waste in school feeding programs. While we recognize the many benefits of salad bars, we are cognizant that salad bars are not always a viable option in some school food service operations. We encourage school food authorities (SFAs) to incorporate salad bars into their school food service operations when possible, and to explore other creative options when salad bars are not an option.

There are many ways that salad bars can be incorporated into the reimbursable meal. Salad bars can feature a special fruit and vegetable theme, a baked potato bar, or a side salad. Salad bars can be set-up in a variety of ways, including pre-portioned and pre-packaged food items to

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emulate the grab-and-go concept to accommodate a high volume of students in a short period of time.

### **Portion Size**

We have received numerous questions asking to clarify how the menu planner determines the minimum portion size. The minimum portion size should be an amount that is reasonable for that menu item. For instance, a cup of lettuce would be reasonable, but a cup of radish would be more than a child would normally consume.

When planning a salad bar as *part* of a reimbursable meal for Food Based Menu Planning, the minimum portion sizes must be consistent with the meal pattern for the age/grade group. For example, when choosing fruits/vegetables from the salad bar to meet the fruit/vegetable meal component, a menu planner might determine that ½ cup of two or more different fruit/vegetables from the salad bar is the minimum for grades K-3, and ¾ cup of two or more different fruit/vegetables is the minimum for grades 4-12. Salad Bars can also be used to serve one component or multiple components. Multiple components require a combination of two different fruits/vegetables with a meat/meat alternate, such as a chef's salad or a fruit plate with cottage cheese. These food items must be served in the minimum amounts as required by the meal pattern. It is important to remember that any fruit or vegetable item meeting the 1/8 cup minimum requirement, including those on the salad bar, can count towards the fruit/vegetable component.

The salad bar can also be used as an entrée or side salad when planning a salad bar as part of Nutrient Standard Menu Planning. The SFA must determine the minimum portion size in conjunction with the nutrient analysis. The menu planner must let the student and the cashier know the minimum amount that must be taken for the salad bar menu item(s) to count towards a reimbursable meal.

One of the challenges of a salad bar is to ensure that students actually take the minimum required portion size. Pre-portioning food items is one way that can assist staff in quickly identifying portion sizes. If not pre-portioning, then the cashier must be trained to judge accurately the quantities of self-serve items on student trays, to determine if the food/menu item can count toward a reimbursable meal.

#### **Point of Service**

Salad bars can serve as the complete reimbursable lunch (except for milk) or as a food or menu item that is part of a reimbursable lunch, depending on the food items available and how it is structured. It is critical to consider the location of the salad bar in relation to the Point of Service (POS). To ensure that each student's selections from the salad bar meet the required portions for an entrée or food/menu item, the POS must be stationed after the salad bar. If a school is not able to position the salad bar in a location prior to the POS, SAs may authorize alternatives to the POS lunch counts. SAs are encouraged to issue guidance which clearly identifies acceptable POS alternatives and instructions for proper implementation. SFAs may select one of the SA approved alternatives without prior approval. In addition, on a case-bycase basis, SAs may authorize SFAs to use other alternatives to the POS lunch count. Any such

request to use an alternative lunch counting method must be submitted in writing to the SA for approval.

#### **Nutrient Analysis**

Chapter 7 of the Nutrient Analysis Protocols: How to Analyze Menus for USDA's School Meals Programs describes the process for conducting a nutrient analysis of a salad bar. The recipe and nutrient analysis of the food bar is based on historical usage of food bar items. Standardized recipes can be developed for food bars and entered into the nutrient database at the local level. The recipe should be constructed based on a typical day.

The menu planner would first determine the serving size. Second, the number of servings the recipe produces must be established. Finally, the menu planner must determine the amount of each food ingredient in the recipe by:

- Measuring the amount of each ingredient placed on the food bar on a typical day.
- Measuring the amount of each ingredient left over on the food bar at the end of the meal service and:
- Subtracting the amount left over from the amount placed on the food bar for each ingredient to determine the amount of each ingredient to enter for the recipe.

# **Food Safety**

The Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) encourages schools to implement food safety standards and best practices on all foods served in the meal programs, to minimize the risk of food-borne illness among students. It is important to control contamination from all sources and maintain appropriate food temperatures to ensure food safety. The National Food Service Management Institute's *Best Practices: Handling Fresh Produce in Schools* fact sheet provides specific food safety recommendations for produce.

The NSF International (formerly the National Sanitation Foundation), (NSF) is an independent, not-for-profit, non-governmental organization that develops standards for foodservice equipment to promote sanitation and protect public health. There has been some concern that the NSF standards preclude the use of salad bars in elementary schools. The NSF standards **do not** preclude salad bars in elementary schools. Instead, the NSF standards provide two possible options when salad bars are provided to elementary school children (grades K-5):

- 1. All food should be pre-wrapped when used at a self service bar.
- 2. Students may be served from an open salad bar, with a solid food shield barrier between the students and the food. This option requires a server to portion the choices made by the student and pass the portioned items over the food shield to the student.

#### Resources

Please refer to the following technical assistance resources referring to salad bars for more information:

- Nutrient Analysis Protocols: How to Analyze Menus for USDA's School Meals Programs <a href="http://www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Resources/nutrientanalysis.html">http://www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Resources/nutrientanalysis.html</a>
- Reviewer's Guide to SMI Nutrition Reviews and Technical Assistance Provides policies, procedures, and guidance for State agency personnel who conduct the nutrition standard reviews.
- **SMI Frequently Asked Questions -** Provides detailed information on how to develop standardized recipes for salad bars. <a href="http://www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Resources/smi-faq.pdf">http://www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Resources/smi-faq.pdf</a>
- School Lunch Salad Bars Executive Summary http://www.fns.usda.gov/ora/menu/Published/CNP/FILES/saladbar.pdf
- **Fruits and Vegetables Galore** Includes diagrams of salad bar setups and recipes for salads-to-go and salad shakers in the *Tricks of the Trade: Preparing Fruits and Vegetables* booklet. http://teamnutrition.usda.gov/Resources/fv\_galore.html
- Offer Vs Serve Describes how salad bars work with OVS. http://teamnutrition.usda.gov/Resources/OVS%20Resource%20Guide.pdf
- Several Strategies May Lower Plate Waste in School Feeding Programs Report http://www.ers.usda.gov/publications/FoodReview/Sep2002/frvol25i2g.pdf
- **Best Practices: Handling Fresh Produce in Schools** The National Food Service Management Institute's fact sheet provides specific food safety recommendations for produce. http://www.fns.usda.gov/fns/safety/pdf/best\_practices.pdf
- **Fruit and Vegetable Safety-** Food safety resources that provide food safety information specifically for produce. <a href="http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/nal\_display/index.php?info\_center=14&tax\_level=2&tax\_subject=231&topic\_id=1195">http://healthymeals.nal.usda.gov/nal\_display/index.php?info\_center=14&tax\_level=2&tax\_subject=231&topic\_id=1195</a>

# **Q&As:** Salad Bars in the National School Lunch Program

# 1. What resources are available to assist school foodservice directors in implementing self-service salad bars in elementary schools?

USDA encourages the use of fresh fruits and vegetables in school meals. Self service salad bars are one approach that can be successfully included in the meal service when monitored closely to ensure safety. It is critical to review food safety resources and provide training for food service staff and students. Resources that might be particularly useful include:

- Best Practices: Handling Fresh Produce in Schools, a USDA and National Food Service Management Institute fact sheet that provides specific food safety recommendations for produce. Available at <a href="http://www.fns.usda.gov/fns/safety/pdf/best\_practices.pdf">http://www.fns.usda.gov/fns/safety/pdf/best\_practices.pdf</a>
- Program Information Manual, Retail Food Protection: Recommendations for the Temperature Control of Cut Leafy Greens during Storage and Display in Retail Food Establishments. Available at: http://www.fda.gov/Food/FoodSafety/RetailFoodProtection/ucm218750.htm
- Program Information Manual: Retail Food Protection Storage and Handling of Tomatoes. Available at: <a href="http://www.fda.gov/Food/FoodSafety/RetailFoodProtection/IndustryandRegulatory-AssistanceandTrainingResources/ucm113843.htm">http://www.fda.gov/Food/FoodSafety/RetailFoodProtection/IndustryandRegulatory-AssistanceandTrainingResources/ucm113843.htm</a>
- Retail Food Safety Program Information Manual: Safe Handling Practices for Melons. Available at: http://www.fda.gov/Food/FoodSafety/RetailFoodProtection/ucm217290.htm
- Fruits and Vegetables Galore: Helping Kids Eat More, a USDA publication that contains information on how to train students on salad bar etiquette. Available at: http://teamnutrition.usda.gov/Resources/fv galore.html

#### 2. Are self-service salad bars still allowed in elementary schools?

Yes, self-service salad bars may be used in elementary schools. It is critical to ensure that all schools with salad bars follow their food safety program to ensure safe foods for students. Factors such as layout and space available in the serving area, equipment available to protect the food on the salad bar from contamination, staffing available to monitor the salad bar during meal service, and training for staff and students must be considered in determining how to safely incorporate a salad bar into a school meals program.

The use of food guards or shields is one way to protect food on a salad bar from contamination. NSF International Standard/American National Standard (NSF/ANSI) 2 for Food Equipment provides a standard that establishes the minimum food protection and sanitation requirements for the materials, design, fabrication, construction, and performance of food shields for use in elementary schools.

Because food codes and regulations vary among local jurisdictions and states, it is important to check with your local or state health department to determine if there are specific guidelines that must be followed in your jurisdiction for the installation and use of salad bars.

### 3. Are the NSF/ANSI Standards required?

Meeting the NSF/ANSI standards is not a federal requirement. It is important to check with your local health inspector to determine what serving methods are acceptable in order to be in compliance with local or state requirements.

### 4. Must salad bars be monitored for food safety?

Self service of ready-to-eat foods such as occurs with salad bars can pose a food safety risk that can be reduced by supplying clean utensils and dispensers and by employee monitoring of the salad bar during the meal service to ensure that the utensils and dispensers are properly used. Trained food service staff members should monitor the salad bar, keep all surface areas clean, (i.e., quickly clean up spills), and ensure that students follow good food safety practices (i.e. using tongs and staying above the sneeze guard). Keeping the salad bar clean and safe is essential for students' safety.

It is important to check with your local or state health department to determine the specific guidelines that must be followed in your jurisdiction when monitoring a salad bar. Some jurisdictions adopt the 2009 FDA Food Code and use it as the basis of their state and local food safety regulations. The 2009 FDA Food Code has provisions that address consumer self-service operations such as salad bars. Paragraph 3-306.13 (C) specifically addresses what foods can be offered for consumer self-service, effective dispensing methods, and monitoring by food employees trained in safe operating procedures.

# 5. What if we can't afford additional labor costs to have food service staff monitor the salad bar?

Keeping a salad bar safe and appealing requires monitoring. If a school is not able to provide food service staff or well-trained volunteers to monitor the salad bar during the meal service, pre-wrapped salad bar components may be an option to improve food safety.

# 6. What steps can be taken to help students follow good food safety practices when using a salad bar?

It is important to teach students about salad bar etiquette. This includes teaching children proper handwashing techniques and how to control transmission of harmful organisms by using tongs and staying above the sneeze guard. In addition to handwashing, students should be supervised to make sure they use good food handling practices while serving themselves at a salad bar. Reminder signs could be posted on the salad bar to reinforce good food handling practices.

# 7. Will pre-wrapped salad bar components increase waste?

Not necessarily. If schools serve pre-wrapped salad bar components that students like and are packaged in appropriate portions, food waste will be minimized. To reduce packaging waste, reusable or recyclable containers may be used.

# 8. Will pre-wrapped (Grab 'n Go) options ignore the importance of student choice?

No. Pre-wrapped (Grab 'n Go) options can be offered in a variety of ways (both portion sizes and product combinations) to provide students choices, i.e. selecting from a variety of pre-wrapped salad bar items.

# 9. Will salad bar items be reimbursed?

Yes, if the salad bar food items are served in the minimum amounts required by the meal pattern, meals containing foods from the salad bar will be reimbursable.

# 10. What are the approved alternatives to placing salad bars after the point of service/sale?

Check with your State agency. State agencies are encouraged to issue guidance that clearly identifies acceptable placement of salad bars relative to the point of sale.